## **Health Communication Makes an Impact on**

## Voluntary Medical Male Circumcision

Community-based voluntary medical male circumcision (VMMC) campaigns combined with mass media change attitudes related to VMMC.





A population-based survey in Zimbabwe showed **68% of women** and **53% of men** had heard about VMMC, mostly through radio.<sup>2</sup>

**89% of men** exposed to Uganda's **Stand Proud, Get Circumcised** multi-channel campaign including community mobilization reported taking at least one action as a result. Of these, 12% reported getting circumcised.<sup>1</sup>



## Adolescents are getting circumcised in increasingly higher numbers.

Between 2010 and 2013, the number of VMMC clients per month during school campaigns more than tripled when compared with the same period outside campaign months.<sup>3</sup>





In Tanzania, school-based campaigns resulted in adolescents making up 80% of all VMMC clients in two regions. <sup>3</sup>

In Zimbabwe, where community activities and mass media campaigns took place, adolescents account for 48% of all VMMC clients. <sup>3</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> AFFORD (2012). Uganda Joint Behaviour Change Communication Survey. Uganda: USAID.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Njeuhmeli, E., Hatzold, K., Gold, E., Mahler, H., Kripke, K., Seifert-Ahanda, K., & Kasedde, S. (2014). Lessons learned from scale-up of voluntary medical male circumcision focusing on adolescents: benefits, challenges, and potential opportunities for linkages with adolescent HIV, sexual, and reproductive health services. JAIDS Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes, 66, 5193-5199







<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Hatzold, K., Mavhu, W., Jasi, P., Chatora, K., Cowan, F. M., Taruberekera, N., & Njeuhmeli, E. (2014). Barriers and motivators to voluntary medical male circumcision uptake among different age groups of men in Zimbabwe: results from a mixed methods study. PloS One, 9(5), e85051.